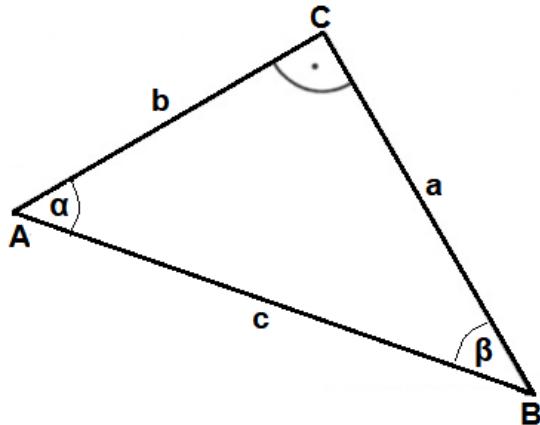


# Mathematik-Aufgabenpool

## > Satz des Pythagoras

**Einleitung:** In einem rechtwinkligen Dreieck  $\Delta ABC$  mit den Seiten  $a, b, c$  und den Winkel  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  bei  $\gamma = 90^\circ$  heißen  $a$  und  $b$  Katheten,  $c$  Hypotenuse.



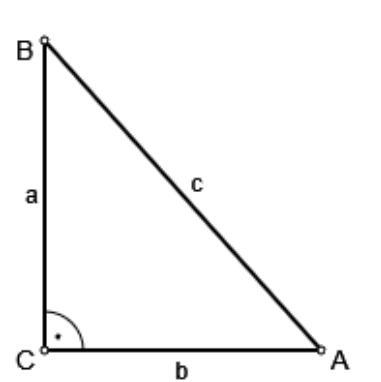
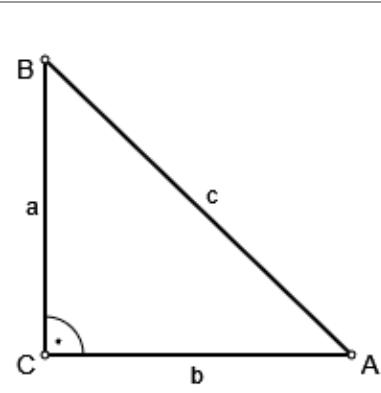
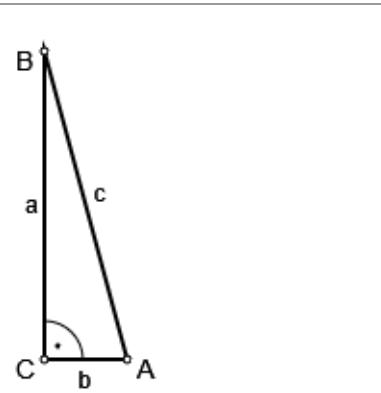
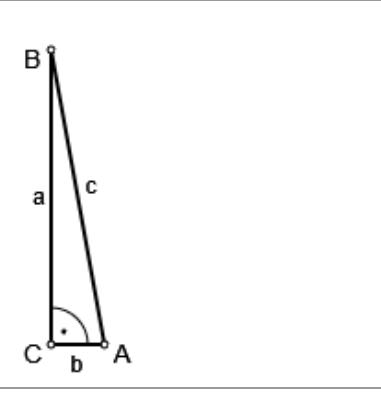
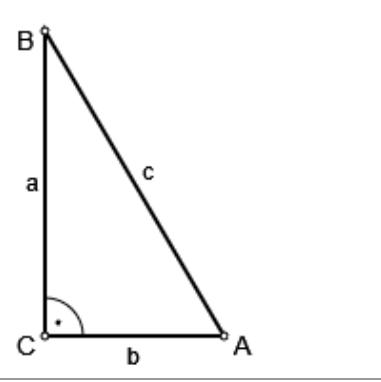
**Rechtwinkliges Dreieck:** Seiten  $a, b, c$ ; Winkel  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma=90^\circ$

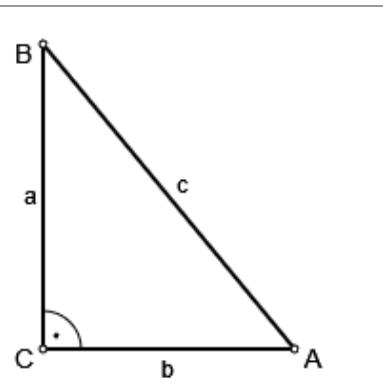
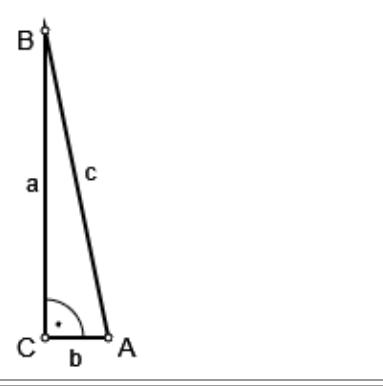
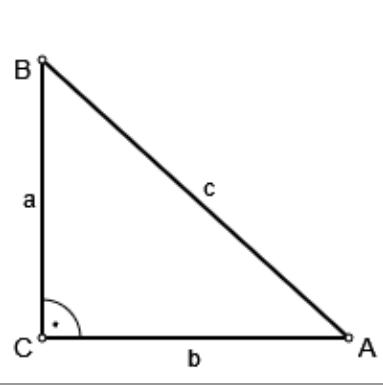
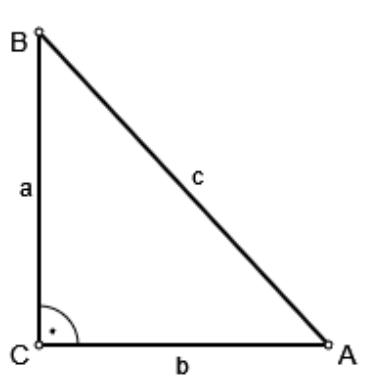
**Formelsammlung:**

Satz des Pythagoras	$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 \Rightarrow c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ (Hypotenuse)
	$a^2 = c^2 - b^2 \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{c^2 - b^2}$ (Kathete)
	$b^2 = c^2 - a^2 \Rightarrow b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$ (Kathete)
Umfang	$u = a + b + c$
Fläche	$A = \frac{1}{2}ab$

**Aufgabe 1:** Berechne die fehlende Seitenlänge im rechtwinkligen Dreieck  $\Delta ABC$  (Winkel  $\gamma = 90^\circ$ ,  $a, b$  = Katheten,  $c$  = Hypotenuse).

Nr.	Gegeben:	Grafik:
1	$a = 1.2 \text{ cm}, c = 2.9 \text{ cm}$	

2	$a = 9.4 \text{ cm}, c = 12.6 \text{ cm}$	
3	$b = 2.5 \text{ cm}, c = 3.5 \text{ cm}$	
4	$a = 7.8 \text{ cm}, c = 8.1 \text{ cm}$	
5	$a = 6 \text{ cm}, b = 1.1 \text{ cm}$	
6	$a = 5.8 \text{ cm}, c = 6.7 \text{ cm}$	

7	$b = 5.1 \text{ cm}, c = 8 \text{ cm}$	
8	$a = 9.8 \text{ cm}, b = 2 \text{ cm}$	
9	$a = 8.5 \text{ cm}, b = 9.4 \text{ cm}$	
10	$a = 5.2 \text{ cm}, c = 7.1 \text{ cm}$	

**Vorgehensweise:** Zur Ermittlung der fehlenden Größen beim rechtwinkligen Dreieck ist die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden.

#### Lösungen:

Nr.	Gegeben:	Lösungen:
1	$a = 1.2 \text{ cm}, c = 2.9 \text{ cm}$	$a = 1.2 \text{ cm}, b = 2.6 \text{ cm}, c = 2.9 \text{ cm}$
2	$a = 9.4 \text{ cm}, c = 12.6 \text{ cm}$	$a = 9.4 \text{ cm}, b = 8.4 \text{ cm}, c = 12.6 \text{ cm}$
3	$b = 2.5 \text{ cm}, c = 3.5 \text{ cm}$	$a = 2.4 \text{ cm}, b = 2.5 \text{ cm}, c = 3.5 \text{ cm}$
4	$a = 7.8 \text{ cm}, c = 8.1 \text{ cm}$	$a = 7.8 \text{ cm}, b = 2.1 \text{ cm}, c = 8.1 \text{ cm}$
5	$a = 6 \text{ cm}, b = 1.1 \text{ cm}$	$a = 6 \text{ cm}, b = 1.1 \text{ cm}, c = 6.1 \text{ cm}$
6	$a = 5.8 \text{ cm}, c = 6.7 \text{ cm}$	$a = 5.8 \text{ cm}, b = 3.4 \text{ cm}, c = 6.7 \text{ cm}$

7	$b = 5.1 \text{ cm}, c = 8 \text{ cm}$	$a = 6.2 \text{ cm}, b = 5.1 \text{ cm}, c = 8 \text{ cm}$
8	$a = 9.8 \text{ cm}, b = 2 \text{ cm}$	$a = 9.8 \text{ cm}, b = 2 \text{ cm}, c = 10 \text{ cm}$
9	$a = 8.5 \text{ cm}, b = 9.4 \text{ cm}$	$a = 8.5 \text{ cm}, b = 9.4 \text{ cm}, c = 12.7 \text{ cm}$
10	$a = 5.2 \text{ cm}, c = 7.1 \text{ cm}$	$a = 5.2 \text{ cm}, b = 4.8 \text{ cm}, c = 7.1 \text{ cm}$

**Aufgabe 2:** Berechne die fehlende Seitenlänge im rechtwinkligen Dreieck  $\Delta ABC$  (Winkel  $\gamma = 90^\circ$ ,  $a, b$  = Katheten,  $c$  = Hypotenuse).

Nr.	Seiten:
1	$a = 2.7 \text{ dm}, c = 4.5 \text{ dm}$
2	$a = 0.4 \text{ dm}, b = 0.09 \text{ dm}$
3	$a = 33 \text{ cm}, b = 44 \text{ cm}$
4	$b = 0.2 \text{ dm}, c = 1.01 \text{ dm}$
5	$a = 0.44 \text{ m}, b = 0.33 \text{ m}$
6	$a = 0.15 \text{ dm}, c = 0.17 \text{ dm}$
7	$a = 0.8 \text{ mm}, b = 0.6 \text{ mm}$
8	$a = 6.5 \text{ m}, b = 7.2 \text{ m}$
9	$a = 5.1 \text{ mm}, b = 6.8 \text{ mm}$
10	$a = 4.4 \text{ m}, b = 3.3 \text{ m}$
11	$a = 3.9 \text{ dm}, c = 6.5 \text{ dm}$
12	$a = 0.6 \text{ mm}, c = 1 \text{ mm}$
13	$a = 69 \text{ dm}, c = 115 \text{ dm}$
14	$b = 20 \text{ dm}, c = 101 \text{ dm}$
15	$a = 0.35 \text{ cm}, b = 0.12 \text{ cm}$
16	$a = 11 \text{ dm}, c = 61 \text{ dm}$
17	$a = 0.96 \text{ dm}, b = 0.28 \text{ dm}$
18	$a = 10 \text{ dm}, c = 26 \text{ dm}$
19	$a = 45 \text{ mm}, c = 51 \text{ mm}$
20	$a = 77 \text{ mm}, c = 85 \text{ mm}$

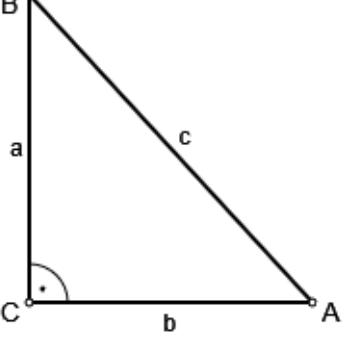
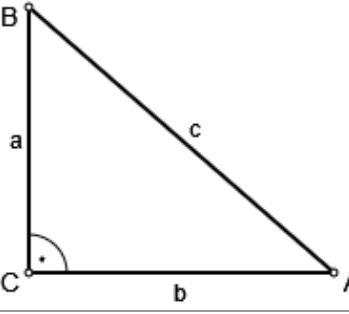
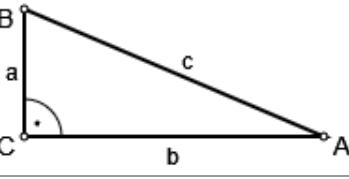
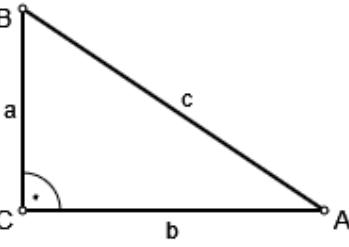
**Vorgehensweise:** Zur Ermittlung der fehlenden Größen beim rechtwinkligen Dreieck ist die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden.

#### Lösungen:

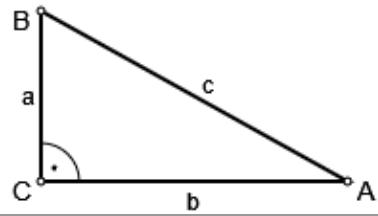
Nr.	Seiten:	Lösung
1	$a = 2.7 \text{ dm}, c = 4.5 \text{ dm}$	$b = 3.6 \text{ dm}$
2	$a = 0.4 \text{ dm}, b = 0.09 \text{ dm}$	$c = 0.41 \text{ dm}$
3	$a = 33 \text{ cm}, b = 44 \text{ cm}$	$c = 55 \text{ cm}$
4	$b = 0.2 \text{ dm}, c = 1.01 \text{ dm}$	$a = 0.99 \text{ dm}$
5	$a = 0.44 \text{ m}, b = 0.33 \text{ m}$	$c = 0.55 \text{ m}$
6	$a = 0.15 \text{ dm}, c = 0.17 \text{ dm}$	$b = 0.08 \text{ dm}$
7	$a = 0.8 \text{ mm}, b = 0.6 \text{ mm}$	$c = 1 \text{ mm}$
8	$a = 6.5 \text{ m}, b = 7.2 \text{ m}$	$c = 9.7 \text{ m}$
9	$a = 5.1 \text{ mm}, b = 6.8 \text{ mm}$	$c = 8.5 \text{ mm}$
10	$a = 4.4 \text{ m}, b = 3.3 \text{ m}$	$c = 5.5 \text{ m}$
11	$a = 3.9 \text{ dm}, c = 6.5 \text{ dm}$	$b = 5.2 \text{ dm}$
12	$a = 0.6 \text{ mm}, c = 1 \text{ mm}$	$b = 0.8 \text{ mm}$
13	$a = 69 \text{ dm}, c = 115 \text{ dm}$	$b = 92 \text{ dm}$
14	$b = 20 \text{ dm}, c = 101 \text{ dm}$	$a = 99 \text{ dm}$
15	$a = 0.35 \text{ cm}, b = 0.12 \text{ cm}$	$c = 0.37 \text{ cm}$

16	$a = 11 \text{ dm}, c = 61 \text{ dm}$	$b = 60 \text{ dm}$
17	$a = 0.96 \text{ dm}, b = 0.28 \text{ dm}$	$c = 1 \text{ dm}$
18	$a = 10 \text{ dm}, c = 26 \text{ dm}$	$b = 24 \text{ dm}$
19	$a = 45 \text{ mm}, c = 51 \text{ mm}$	$b = 24 \text{ mm}$
20	$a = 77 \text{ mm}, c = 85 \text{ mm}$	$b = 36 \text{ mm}$

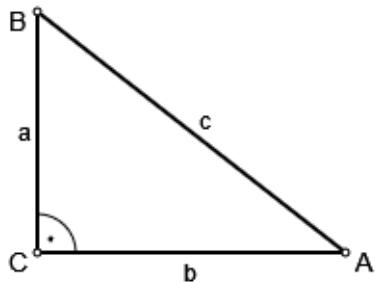
**Aufgabe 3:** Berechne die fehlenden Größen im rechtwinkligen Dreieck  $\Delta ABC$  (Winkel  $\gamma = 90^\circ$ , a, b = Katheten, c = Hypotenuse, A = Flächeninhalt, u = Umfang).

Nr.	Gegeben:	Grafik:
1	$a = 5 \text{ mm}, c = 6.8 \text{ mm}$	
2	$a = 7.8 \text{ mm}, c = 11.9 \text{ mm}$	
3	$a = 1.9 \text{ cm}, c = 4.9 \text{ cm}$	
4	$b = 9.4 \text{ cm}, c = 11.3 \text{ cm}$	

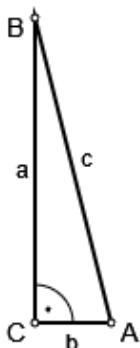
5

 $b = 9.3 \text{ dm}, c = 10.7 \text{ dm}$ 

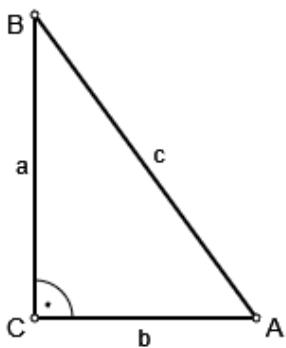
6

 $a = 4 \text{ dm}, b = 5.1 \text{ dm}$ 

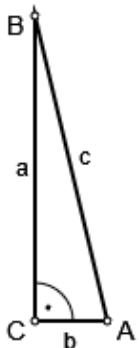
7

 $a = 8.1 \text{ cm}, b = 2 \text{ cm}$ 

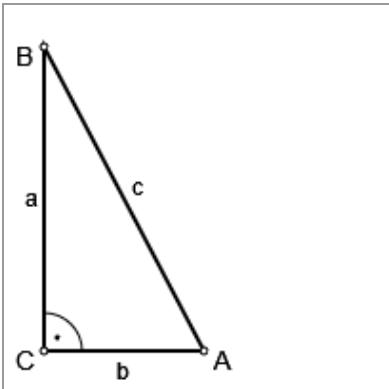
8

 $b = 7 \text{ cm}, c = 11.9 \text{ cm}$ 

9

 $a = 8.1 \text{ dm}, c = 8.3 \text{ dm}$ 

10

 $a = 4 \text{ mm}, c = 4.5 \text{ mm}$ 

**Vorgehensweise:** Zur Ermittlung der fehlenden Größen beim rechtwinkligen Dreieck ist die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden.

#### Lösungen:

Nr.	Gegeben:	Lösungen:
1	$a = 5 \text{ mm}, c = 6.8 \text{ mm}$	$a = 5 \text{ mm}, b = 4.6 \text{ mm}, c = 6.8 \text{ mm}, u = 16.4 \text{ mm}, A = 11.5 \text{ mm}^2$
2	$a = 7.8 \text{ mm}, c = 11.9 \text{ mm}$	$a = 7.8 \text{ mm}, b = 9 \text{ mm}, c = 11.9 \text{ mm}, u = 28.7 \text{ mm}, A = 35.1 \text{ mm}^2$
3	$a = 1.9 \text{ cm}, c = 4.9 \text{ cm}$	$a = 1.9 \text{ cm}, b = 4.5 \text{ cm}, c = 4.9 \text{ cm}, u = 11.3 \text{ cm}, A = 4.3 \text{ cm}^2$
4	$b = 9.4 \text{ cm}, c = 11.3 \text{ cm}$	$a = 6.3 \text{ cm}, b = 9.4 \text{ cm}, c = 11.3 \text{ cm}, u = 27 \text{ cm}, A = 29.6 \text{ cm}^2$
5	$b = 9.3 \text{ dm}, c = 10.7 \text{ dm}$	$a = 5.2 \text{ dm}, b = 9.3 \text{ dm}, c = 10.7 \text{ dm}, u = 25.2 \text{ dm}, A = 24.2 \text{ dm}^2$
6	$a = 4 \text{ dm}, b = 5.1 \text{ dm}$	$a = 4 \text{ dm}, b = 5.1 \text{ dm}, c = 6.5 \text{ dm}, u = 15.6 \text{ dm}, A = 10.2 \text{ dm}^2$
7	$a = 8.1 \text{ cm}, b = 2 \text{ cm}$	$a = 8.1 \text{ cm}, b = 2 \text{ cm}, c = 8.3 \text{ cm}, u = 18.4 \text{ cm}, A = 8.1 \text{ cm}^2$
8	$b = 7 \text{ cm}, c = 11.9 \text{ cm}$	$a = 9.6 \text{ cm}, b = 7 \text{ cm}, c = 11.9 \text{ cm}, u = 28.5 \text{ cm}, A = 33.6 \text{ cm}^2$
9	$a = 8.1 \text{ dm}, c = 8.3 \text{ dm}$	$a = 8.1 \text{ dm}, b = 1.9 \text{ dm}, c = 8.3 \text{ dm}, u = 18.3 \text{ dm}, A = 7.7 \text{ dm}^2$
10	$a = 4 \text{ mm}, c = 4.5 \text{ mm}$	$a = 4 \text{ mm}, b = 2.1 \text{ mm}, c = 4.5 \text{ mm}, u = 10.6 \text{ mm}, A = 4.2 \text{ mm}^2$

**Aufgabe 4:** Berechne die fehlenden Größen im rechtwinkligen Dreieck  $\Delta ABC$  (Winkel  $\gamma = 90^\circ$ , a, b = Katheten, c = Hypotenuse, A = Flächeninhalt, u = Umfang).

Nr.	Gegeben:
1	$a = 4.8 \text{ cm}, c = 4.9 \text{ cm}$
2	$a = 1.5 \text{ mm}, c = 3.5 \text{ mm}$
3	$a = 8.3 \text{ dm}, b = 9.7 \text{ dm}$
4	$a = 5.8 \text{ m}, c = 6.1 \text{ m}$
5	$b = 8.8 \text{ cm}, c = 11.8 \text{ cm}$
6	$a = 4.4 \text{ dm}, c = 10 \text{ dm}$
7	$b = 4.6 \text{ cm}, c = 7.7 \text{ cm}$
8	$a = 4.7 \text{ mm}, c = 5 \text{ mm}$
9	$a = 1 \text{ mm}, c = 8.7 \text{ mm}$
10	$a = 8.4 \text{ dm}, b = 7 \text{ dm}$
11	$a = 3.7 \text{ m}, c = 5.2 \text{ m}$
12	$b = 1 \text{ cm}, c = 4.5 \text{ cm}$
13	$a = 1.9 \text{ dm}, b = 3.1 \text{ dm}$
14	$a = 3.1 \text{ m}, c = 3.3 \text{ m}$
15	$b = 8.2 \text{ cm}, c = 9 \text{ cm}$
16	$a = 2.9 \text{ cm}, b = 3.5 \text{ cm}$
17	$b = 5.8 \text{ cm}, c = 8.1 \text{ cm}$
18	$a = 4.1 \text{ dm}, c = 7.9 \text{ dm}$

19	$b = 5.8 \text{ dm}, c = 6.8 \text{ dm}$
20	$b = 1.9 \text{ cm}, c = 9.9 \text{ cm}$

**Vorgehensweise:** Zur Ermittlung der fehlenden Größen beim rechtwinkligen Dreieck ist die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden.

### Lösungen:

Nr.	Gegeben:	Lösungen:
1	$a = 4.8 \text{ cm}, c = 4.9 \text{ cm}$	$a = 4.8 \text{ cm}, b = 1.2 \text{ cm}, c = 4.9 \text{ cm}, u = 10.9 \text{ cm}, A = 2.9 \text{ cm}^2$
2	$a = 1.5 \text{ mm}, c = 3.5 \text{ mm}$	$a = 1.5 \text{ mm}, b = 3.2 \text{ mm}, c = 3.5 \text{ mm}, u = 8.2 \text{ mm}, A = 2.4 \text{ mm}^2$
3	$a = 8.3 \text{ dm}, b = 9.7 \text{ dm}$	$a = 8.3 \text{ dm}, b = 9.7 \text{ dm}, c = 12.8 \text{ dm}, u = 30.8 \text{ dm}, A = 40.3 \text{ dm}^2$
4	$a = 5.8 \text{ m}, c = 6.1 \text{ m}$	$a = 5.8 \text{ m}, b = 2 \text{ m}, c = 6.1 \text{ m}, u = 13.9 \text{ m}, A = 5.8 \text{ m}^2$
5	$b = 8.8 \text{ cm}, c = 11.8 \text{ cm}$	$a = 7.8 \text{ cm}, b = 8.8 \text{ cm}, c = 11.8 \text{ cm}, u = 28.4 \text{ cm}, A = 34.3 \text{ cm}^2$
6	$a = 4.4 \text{ dm}, c = 10 \text{ dm}$	$a = 4.4 \text{ dm}, b = 9 \text{ dm}, c = 10 \text{ dm}, u = 23.4 \text{ dm}, A = 19.8 \text{ dm}^2$
7	$b = 4.6 \text{ cm}, c = 7.7 \text{ cm}$	$a = 6.2 \text{ cm}, b = 4.6 \text{ cm}, c = 7.7 \text{ cm}, u = 18.5 \text{ cm}, A = 14.3 \text{ cm}^2$
8	$a = 4.7 \text{ mm}, c = 5 \text{ mm}$	$a = 4.7 \text{ mm}, b = 1.8 \text{ mm}, c = 5 \text{ mm}, u = 11.5 \text{ mm}, A = 4.2 \text{ mm}^2$
9	$a = 1 \text{ mm}, c = 8.7 \text{ mm}$	$a = 1 \text{ mm}, b = 8.6 \text{ mm}, c = 8.7 \text{ mm}, u = 18.3 \text{ mm}, A = 4.3 \text{ mm}^2$
10	$a = 8.4 \text{ dm}, b = 7 \text{ dm}$	$a = 8.4 \text{ dm}, b = 7 \text{ dm}, c = 10.9 \text{ dm}, u = 26.3 \text{ dm}, A = 29.4 \text{ dm}^2$
11	$a = 3.7 \text{ m}, c = 5.2 \text{ m}$	$a = 3.7 \text{ m}, b = 3.6 \text{ m}, c = 5.2 \text{ m}, u = 12.5 \text{ m}, A = 6.7 \text{ m}^2$
12	$b = 1 \text{ cm}, c = 4.5 \text{ cm}$	$a = 4.4 \text{ cm}, b = 1 \text{ cm}, c = 4.5 \text{ cm}, u = 9.9 \text{ cm}, A = 2.2 \text{ cm}^2$
13	$a = 1.9 \text{ dm}, b = 3.1 \text{ dm}$	$a = 1.9 \text{ dm}, b = 3.1 \text{ dm}, c = 3.6 \text{ dm}, u = 8.6 \text{ dm}, A = 2.9 \text{ dm}^2$
14	$a = 3.1 \text{ m}, c = 3.3 \text{ m}$	$a = 3.1 \text{ m}, b = 1.2 \text{ m}, c = 3.3 \text{ m}, u = 7.6 \text{ m}, A = 1.9 \text{ m}^2$
15	$b = 8.2 \text{ cm}, c = 9 \text{ cm}$	$a = 3.6 \text{ cm}, b = 8.2 \text{ cm}, c = 9 \text{ cm}, u = 20.8 \text{ cm}, A = 14.8 \text{ cm}^2$
16	$a = 2.9 \text{ cm}, b = 3.5 \text{ cm}$	$a = 2.9 \text{ cm}, b = 3.5 \text{ cm}, c = 4.5 \text{ cm}, u = 10.9 \text{ cm}, A = 5.1 \text{ cm}^2$
17	$b = 5.8 \text{ cm}, c = 8.1 \text{ cm}$	$a = 5.6 \text{ cm}, b = 5.8 \text{ cm}, c = 8.1 \text{ cm}, u = 19.5 \text{ cm}, A = 16.2 \text{ cm}^2$
18	$a = 4.1 \text{ dm}, c = 7.9 \text{ dm}$	$a = 4.1 \text{ dm}, b = 6.7 \text{ dm}, c = 7.9 \text{ dm}, u = 18.7 \text{ dm}, A = 13.7 \text{ dm}^2$
19	$b = 5.8 \text{ dm}, c = 6.8 \text{ dm}$	$a = 3.6 \text{ dm}, b = 5.8 \text{ dm}, c = 6.8 \text{ dm}, u = 16.2 \text{ dm}, A = 10.4 \text{ dm}^2$
20	$b = 1.9 \text{ cm}, c = 9.9 \text{ cm}$	$a = 9.7 \text{ cm}, b = 1.9 \text{ cm}, c = 9.9 \text{ cm}, u = 21.5 \text{ cm}, A = 9.2 \text{ cm}^2$

**Aufgabe 5:** Berechne die fehlenden Größen im rechtwinkligen Dreieck  $\Delta ABC$  (Winkel  $\gamma = 90^\circ$ , a, b = Katheten, c = Hypotenuse, A = Flächeninhalt, u = Umfang).

Nr.	Gegeben:
1	$a = 4.9 \text{ dm}, c = 10.2 \text{ dm}$
2	$a = 11.7 \text{ dm}, c = 13.6 \text{ dm}$
3	$a = 9.9 \text{ dm}, c = 18.3 \text{ dm}$
4	$b = 23.6 \text{ cm}, c = 25.6 \text{ cm}$
5	$a = 3.7 \text{ m}, c = 20 \text{ m}$
6	$a = 7.7 \text{ dm}, c = 18.9 \text{ dm}$
7	$a = 6 \text{ dm}, c = 15 \text{ dm}$
8	$a = 9.6 \text{ cm}, c = 21.4 \text{ cm}$
9	$b = 11.1 \text{ dm}, c = 11.5 \text{ dm}$
10	$a = 16.4 \text{ cm}, c = 17.5 \text{ cm}$
11	$a = 5.7 \text{ mm}, c = 9.3 \text{ mm}$
12	$a = 9.8 \text{ mm}, c = 24.3 \text{ mm}$
13	$b = 17.3 \text{ cm}, c = 24.6 \text{ cm}$
14	$a = 4.7 \text{ dm}, c = 12.8 \text{ dm}$
15	$a = 19.7 \text{ m}, b = 7 \text{ m}$
16	$a = 19.1 \text{ m}, b = 11 \text{ m}$
17	$a = 11.7 \text{ m}, c = 14.8 \text{ m}$

18	$a = 15.3 \text{ cm}, c = 21 \text{ cm}$
19	$a = 7.7 \text{ m}, c = 14.5 \text{ m}$
20	$a = 5.7 \text{ cm}, c = 24.8 \text{ cm}$

**Vorgehensweise:** Zur Ermittlung der fehlenden Größen beim rechtwinkligen Dreieck ist die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden.

### Lösungen:

Nr.	Gegeben:	Lösungen:
1	$a = 4.9 \text{ dm}, c = 10.2 \text{ dm}$	$a = 4.9 \text{ dm}, b = 9 \text{ dm}, c = 10.2 \text{ dm}, u = 24.1 \text{ dm}, A = 22.1 \text{ dm}^2$
2	$a = 11.7 \text{ dm}, c = 13.6 \text{ dm}$	$a = 11.7 \text{ dm}, b = 7 \text{ dm}, c = 13.6 \text{ dm}, u = 32.3 \text{ dm}, A = 41 \text{ dm}^2$
3	$a = 9.9 \text{ dm}, c = 18.3 \text{ dm}$	$a = 9.9 \text{ dm}, b = 15.4 \text{ dm}, c = 18.3 \text{ dm}, u = 43.6 \text{ dm}, A = 76.2 \text{ dm}^2$
4	$b = 23.6 \text{ cm}, c = 25.6 \text{ cm}$	$a = 9.9 \text{ cm}, b = 23.6 \text{ cm}, c = 25.6 \text{ cm}, u = 59.1 \text{ cm}, A = 116.8 \text{ cm}^2$
5	$a = 3.7 \text{ m}, c = 20 \text{ m}$	$a = 3.7 \text{ m}, b = 19.7 \text{ m}, c = 20 \text{ m}, u = 43.4 \text{ m}, A = 36.4 \text{ m}^2$
6	$a = 7.7 \text{ dm}, c = 18.9 \text{ dm}$	$a = 7.7 \text{ dm}, b = 17.3 \text{ dm}, c = 18.9 \text{ dm}, u = 43.9 \text{ dm}, A = 66.6 \text{ dm}^2$
7	$a = 6 \text{ dm}, c = 15 \text{ dm}$	$a = 6 \text{ dm}, b = 13.8 \text{ dm}, c = 15 \text{ dm}, u = 34.8 \text{ dm}, A = 41.4 \text{ dm}^2$
8	$a = 9.6 \text{ cm}, c = 21.4 \text{ cm}$	$a = 9.6 \text{ cm}, b = 19.1 \text{ cm}, c = 21.4 \text{ cm}, u = 50.1 \text{ cm}, A = 91.7 \text{ cm}^2$
9	$b = 11.1 \text{ dm}, c = 11.5 \text{ dm}$	$a = 3 \text{ dm}, b = 11.1 \text{ dm}, c = 11.5 \text{ dm}, u = 25.6 \text{ dm}, A = 16.7 \text{ dm}^2$
10	$a = 16.4 \text{ cm}, c = 17.5 \text{ cm}$	$a = 16.4 \text{ cm}, b = 6 \text{ cm}, c = 17.5 \text{ cm}, u = 39.9 \text{ cm}, A = 49.2 \text{ cm}^2$
11	$a = 5.7 \text{ mm}, c = 9.3 \text{ mm}$	$a = 5.7 \text{ mm}, b = 7.3 \text{ mm}, c = 9.3 \text{ mm}, u = 22.3 \text{ mm}, A = 20.8 \text{ mm}^2$
12	$a = 9.8 \text{ mm}, c = 24.3 \text{ mm}$	$a = 9.8 \text{ mm}, b = 22.2 \text{ mm}, c = 24.3 \text{ mm}, u = 56.3 \text{ mm}, A = 108.8 \text{ mm}^2$
13	$b = 17.3 \text{ cm}, c = 24.6 \text{ cm}$	$a = 17.5 \text{ cm}, b = 17.3 \text{ cm}, c = 24.6 \text{ cm}, u = 59.4 \text{ cm}, A = 151.4 \text{ cm}^2$
14	$a = 4.7 \text{ dm}, c = 12.8 \text{ dm}$	$a = 4.7 \text{ dm}, b = 11.9 \text{ dm}, c = 12.8 \text{ dm}, u = 29.4 \text{ dm}, A = 28 \text{ dm}^2$
15	$a = 19.7 \text{ m}, b = 7 \text{ m}$	$a = 19.7 \text{ m}, b = 7 \text{ m}, c = 20.9 \text{ m}, u = 47.6 \text{ m}, A = 69 \text{ m}^2$
16	$a = 19.1 \text{ m}, b = 11 \text{ m}$	$a = 19.1 \text{ m}, b = 11 \text{ m}, c = 22 \text{ m}, u = 52.1 \text{ m}, A = 105.1 \text{ m}^2$
17	$a = 11.7 \text{ m}, c = 14.8 \text{ m}$	$a = 11.7 \text{ m}, b = 9 \text{ m}, c = 14.8 \text{ m}, u = 35.5 \text{ m}, A = 52.7 \text{ m}^2$
18	$a = 15.3 \text{ cm}, c = 21 \text{ cm}$	$a = 15.3 \text{ cm}, b = 14.4 \text{ cm}, c = 21 \text{ cm}, u = 50.7 \text{ cm}, A = 110.2 \text{ cm}^2$
19	$a = 7.7 \text{ m}, c = 14.5 \text{ m}$	$a = 7.7 \text{ m}, b = 12.3 \text{ m}, c = 14.5 \text{ m}, u = 34.5 \text{ m}, A = 47.4 \text{ m}^2$
20	$a = 5.7 \text{ cm}, c = 24.8 \text{ cm}$	$a = 5.7 \text{ cm}, b = 24.1 \text{ cm}, c = 24.8 \text{ cm}, u = 54.6 \text{ cm}, A = 68.7 \text{ cm}^2$